האוניברסיטה העברית בירושלים THE HEBREW UNIVERSITY OF JERUSALEM



## The Hebrew University of Jerusalem

Syllabus

### Framework rigidity - 80578

Last update 06-10-2020

HU Credits: 2

Degree/Cycle: 2nd degree (Master)

**Responsible Department:** Mathematics

Academic year: 0

Semester: 1st Semester

<u>Teaching Languages:</u> Hebrew

Campus: E. Safra

Course/Module Coordinator: Prof Eran Nevo

<u>Coordinator Email: nevo@math.huji.ac.il</u>

Coordinator Office Hours:

Teaching Staff:

Prof Eran Nevo, Dr. Orit Raz

### Course/Module description:

The seminar will deal with the notion of graph rigidity. Graph Rigidity is a classic notion in mechanics, regarding motions of solid bodies connected along flexible hinges. For example, the 4-cycle graph is rigid in R^1 and flexible in R^2. Rigidity relates geometry with combinatorics and algebra.

We will define the notion of rigid graphs and present the characterizations of Laman and of Lovasz-Yemini for rigid graphs embedded in the plane. We will review recent works (Kiraly-Theran, Jordan-Tanigawa and others), dealing with the threshold for a giant rigid component to emerge in a random graph (usually under the Erdos-Renyi model).

Course/Module aims:

# Learning outcomes - On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:

Students will be exposed to topics from the study of graph rigidity.

Students will learn how to present mathematical results in front of a peer group.

<u>Attendance requirements(%):</u> 90%

Teaching arrangement and method of instruction: Lecture

### <u>Course/Module Content:</u>

The seminar will deal with the notion of graph rigidity. Graph Rigidity is a classic notion in mechanics, regarding motions of solid bodies connected along flexible hinges. For example, the 4-cycle graph is rigid in R^1 and flexible in R^2. Rigidity relates geometry with combinatorics and algebra.

We will define the notion of rigid graphs and present the characterizations of Laman and of Lovasz-Yemini for rigid graphs embedded in the plane. We will review recent works (Kiraly-Theran, Jordan-Tanigawa and others), dealing with the threshold for a giant rigid component to emerge in a random graph (usually under the Erdos-Renyi model).

#### <u>Required Reading:</u>

List of papers to be read will given at the beginning of the course. The reading material will be in English.

Additional Reading Material:

Course/Module evaluation:

End of year written/oral examination 0 % Presentation 90 % Participation in Tutorials 10 % Project work 0 % Assignments 0 % Reports 0 % Research project 0 % Quizzes 0 % Other 0 %

### Additional information:

*Prerequisites: linear algebra, rings, discrete math, topology.* [Other recommended courses: algebraic topology, convexity, commutative algebra, algebraic geometry.]