

# The Hebrew University of Jerusalem

Syllabus

## COMPUTATIONAL GEOMETRY - 67599

Last update 19-10-2015

<u>HU Credits:</u> 3

Degree/Cycle: 2nd degree (Master)

<u>Responsible Department:</u> computer sciences

<u>Academic year:</u> 0

<u>Semester:</u> 1st Semester

<u>Teaching Languages:</u> Hebrew

<u>Campus:</u> E. Safra

Course/Module Coordinator: Leo Joskowicz

Coordinator Email: josko@cs.huji.ac.il

Coordinator Office Hours: By appointment

Teaching Staff:

Prof Leo Joskowicz

Course/Module description:

Computational Geometry is the algorithmic study of geometrical entities, their properties, and the operations on them. Examples include the intersection of line segments, the tessellation of a set of points, and the construction of nearest neighbor graphs. The

algorithms and their properties form the basis of numerous fields, such as Computer

Graphics, Computer Vision, Computer-Aided Design, and Robotics.

*In this course, we will study the basic geometric constructs of Computational Geometry,* 

including 2D and 3D convex hulls, planar triangulations, Voronoi diagrams, and Arrangements in 2D and 3D. We will learn about deterministic and randomized algorithms and their data structures for computing them efficiently and for computing

fundamental geometric problems including polygon triangulation, point location, range

queries, and applications in motion planning. The course will be taught so as to balance

between theoretical and applied issues.

Course/Module aims:

The aim of the course is to familiarize the students with the central concepts of Computational Geometry.

The main topics are:

- 1. Introduction geometric primitives
- 2. Convex Hulls in 2D and 3D
- *3. Sweep line algorithms line segment intersection*
- 4. Boolean operations of polygons
- 5. Polygon decompositions Triangulations
- 6. Voronoi Diagrams and Delaunay triangulations
- 7. Orthogonal Range Searching KD trees and Range trees
- 8. Point locations queries
- 9. Linear programming geometric interpretation
- 10. Duality of points and lines
- 11. Arrangements of lines
- 12. Motion planning and visibility graphs

Learning outcomes - On successful completion of this module, students should be

#### <u>able to:</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to design, analyze, and develop algorithms and methods for solving geometric problems efficiently. The students will be able to assess theoretical and practical problems that involve geometry and will devise and adapt efficient methods to solve them, or prove that they cannot be solved efficiently.

#### <u>Attendance requirements(%):</u> none

Teaching arrangement and method of instruction: Frontal lectures and exercise lectures. Five by-weekly homeworks. No programming required.

### <u>Course/Module Content:</u>

The detailed content of the course is:

#### 1.Geometry basics, 2D convex hulls

- Types of polygons: convex, star, monotone, simple, holes
- Convex hull properties
- Euler's formula for planar subdivisions
- Data structure for planar subdivision

#### 2. Line and segment intersection

- Sweep line algorithm
- Boolean polygon operations: intersection, union, difference
- Convex polygon intersection; polygon tangents

#### 3. Polygon triangulation

- Triangulation theory dual graph, diagonals
- Monotone polygon triangulation
- Simple polygon partition into monotone polygons
- Trapezoidal partition
- 4. Orthogonal range searching
- Grids, quad trees
- Range trees (2D and higher)
- Kd trees (2D and higher)
- 5. Quadtrees
- Uniform and non-uniform grids
- Quadtrees properties
- Quadtree construction and query algorithms

- 6. Point location
- Monotone polygon
- Monotone chains
- Trapezoidal decomposition and complexity
- Triangular decomposition method and complexity analysis
- 7. Voronoi diagrams
- Definitions, basic properties
- Incremental construction
- Sweep line algorithm in detail.
- Divide and conquer, VD variations and extensions
- 8. Delaunay triangulations
- Basic properties of triangulations
- Illegal edges, flips, Thales theorem
- Delaunay triangulation duality Voronoi diagram
- Incremental algorithm and complexity

#### 9. Arrangements and duality

- Line arrangements: definition, properties
- Zone theorem in detail
- Incremental algorithm
- Duality transform
- Levels computation
- Applications relation to convex hull

#### 10. Linear Programming

- Formulation and geometric interpretation
- Incremental algorithm
- Randomized analysis
- Unboundedness test

#### 11. 3D Convex Hull

- Basic properties of 3D CH
- Incremental algorithm
- Divide and conquer algorithm
- Relation between CH, Voronoi Diagram and Triangulation

#### 12. Motion planning and visibility graphs

- Problem definition
- Basic approaches
- Trapezoidal cell decomposition
- Visibility graph
- Configuration spaces

#### 13.Minkowsky sums

#### 14. Advanced topics

#### Required Reading:

Reference Book: Computational Geometry: Algorithms and Applications, M. de Berg, M. van Kreveld, M. Overmars, O. Schwarzkopf 3nd Ed, Springer-Verlag, 2008.

Instructor's lecture and exercise notes in the Moodle CSE web site

<u>Additional Reading Material:</u> none

#### <u>Course/Module evaluation:</u> End of year written/oral examination 70 % Presentation 0 % Participation in Tutorials 0 % Project work 0 % Assignments 30 % Reports 0 % Research project 0 % Quizzes 0 % Other 0 %

<u>Additional information:</u> none