

# The Hebrew University of Jerusalem

Syllabus

Introduction to the Structure of Bantu: Ruuli - 41265

Last update 02-09-2018

HU Credits: 4

<u>Degree/Cycle:</u> 1st degree (Bachelor)

Responsible Department: Linguistics

Academic year: 0

<u>Semester:</u> Yearly

Teaching Languages: English

Campus: Mt. Scopus

Course/Module Coordinator: Alena Witzlack-Makarevich

<u>Coordinator Email:</u> <u>witzlack@gmail.com</u>

Coordinator Office Hours: Wednesday 10:00

Teaching Staff:

#### Dr. Alena Witzlack-Makarevich

## Course/Module description:

This language course spans three semesters. The focus of the course is two-fold: on the one hand, the participants will learn how to work with various materials collected during field work and get familiarized with methods of describing an understudied language, as well as contribute to the ongoing project dedicated to the documentation and description of this language.

#### Course/Module aims:

Ruuli is a Great lakes Bantu language of the Niger-Congo phylum spoke in Uganda. It is the native language of the Baruuli and Banyara people of central Uganda. It is a minority language spoken by about 180,000 people. The materials to be used in the course originate from an ongoing documentation project and encompass a corpus of more than 100,000 words and a lexicon. In the course of the seminar the students will get familiarized with various structural aspects of this language (phonology, tone, morphology, syntax, and lexicon), and will have the opportunity to contribute to its description by investigating individual aspects of this language. The second theme of this course are the Bantu languages in general. It is a large family of languages (between 440 and 680) spoken by the Bantu peoples throughout Sub-Saharan Africa. As part of the Southern Bantoid group, they are part of the Benue-Congo language family, which in turn is part of the large Niger-Congo phylum. Bantu languages are largely spoken east and south of present-day Cameroon, throughout Central Africa, Southeast Africa and Southern Africa. Many Bantu languages have been documented and extensive descriptions exist for some of them. Typologically, these languages are famous for their extensive gender/noun class systems, extensive productive valency-changing morphology, an intimate integration of information structure and clause syntax. During the course of the seminar the students will be familiarized with the diversity and genealogical classification of these group of languages, with its major typological characteristics, as well as with recurrent research topics. The existing descriptions of other Bantu languages will support and guide the study of Ruuli.

The course offers the possibility to obtain a first-hand experience in collaboration on an on-going language documentation and description project, as well as will ensure that the participants gain an intimate familiarity with the structure of the Bantu languages.

<u>Learning outcomes - On successful completion of this module, students should be</u> able to:

On successful completion of this module, students should be able to outline the major typological characteristics of the Bantu languages and identify the respective structures in Ruuli and other languages. The participants will be able to collect relevant examples on any aspects of Bantu grammar from annotated and not

annotated corpora, organize and summarize the findings and interpret them in the light of what is known about the Bantu languages and what is expected from the typological point of view. The participants will learn to plan a corpus-based study on individual aspects of Ruuli grammar, will prepare, design and complete a number of such studies, will be able to enrich the available corpus with further linguistic annotations and summarize and evaluate them.

## Attendance requirements(%):

85

Teaching arrangement and method of instruction:

# Course/Module Content:

1st semester

Class 1: Introduction, the Bantu languages: a bird's eye view; Ruuli and its speakers

Class 2: Classifications of the Bantu languages: History, methods, challenges

Class 3: Ruuli: resources and tools

Class 4: Ruuli: orthography and phonology basics

Class 5: Bantu nominal morphology; the augment

Class 6: Ruuli nominal morphology and morphophonology (1)

Class 7: Ruuli nominal morphology and morphophonology (2)

Class 8: Attributive possession in Ruuli and Bantu

Class 9: Ruuli and Bantu demonstratives

Class 10: Adjectives in Ruuli; agreement within a noun phrase

Class 11: Agreement within a noun phrase

Class 12: Noun phrase in Bantu and Ruuli: a summary

Class 13: Locatives in Ruuli and Bantu (1)

Class 14: Locatives in Ruuli and Bantu (2)

#### 2nd semester

Class 1: Verbal morphology in Bantu: major categories

Class 2: Verbal agreement morphology in Ruuli

Class 3: Object agreement in Bantu and Ruuli

Class 4: TAM in Bantu

Class 5: TAM in Ruuli (1): tense

Class 6: TAM in Ruuli (2): aspect

Class 7: TAM in Ruuli (3): mood

Class 8: Phasal polarity and persistive; negation

Class 9: The syntax, semantics and morphology of valency changing operations (1): passive

Class 10: The syntax, semantics and morphology of valency changing operations (2): applicative

Class 11: The syntax, semantics and morphology of valency changing operations

(3): causative

Class 12: The syntax, semantics and morphology of valency changing operations

(3): reflexive

Class 13: Infinitives in Bantu and Ruuli

Class 14: Verbal syntax and morphology in Ruuli: a summary and way forward

#### 3nd semester

The third semester will cover such topics as dialectal variation, word formation, lexicosemantics and further syntactic topics (information structure and constituent order, relative clauses, etc.). The choice of the topics will be guided by the participants' interest and suitability of individual topics for research publications.

# Required Reading:

Nurse, Derek and Philippson, Gérard. 2003. The Bantu languages. London: Routledge.

# Additional Reading Material:

Multiple articles on individual aspects of Bantu languages will be provided during the course.

### Course/Module evaluation:

End of year written/oral examination 0 % Presentation 10 % Participation in Tutorials 0 % Project work 50 % Assignments 20 % Reports 20 % Research project 0 % Quizzes 0 % Other 0 %

#### Additional information: